# (JTC1/SC6) sjkoh@knu.ac.kr

- JTC1
  - \* JTC1/SC6/WG7
    - ❖ ECTP/RMCP/MMC

- ISO/IEC JTC1
- Joint Technical Committee 1 ( )
  - ♦ ISO/TC 97 ( )
  - \* IEC/TC 83 ( )
- "Information Technology" (IT)
- http://www.jtc1.org





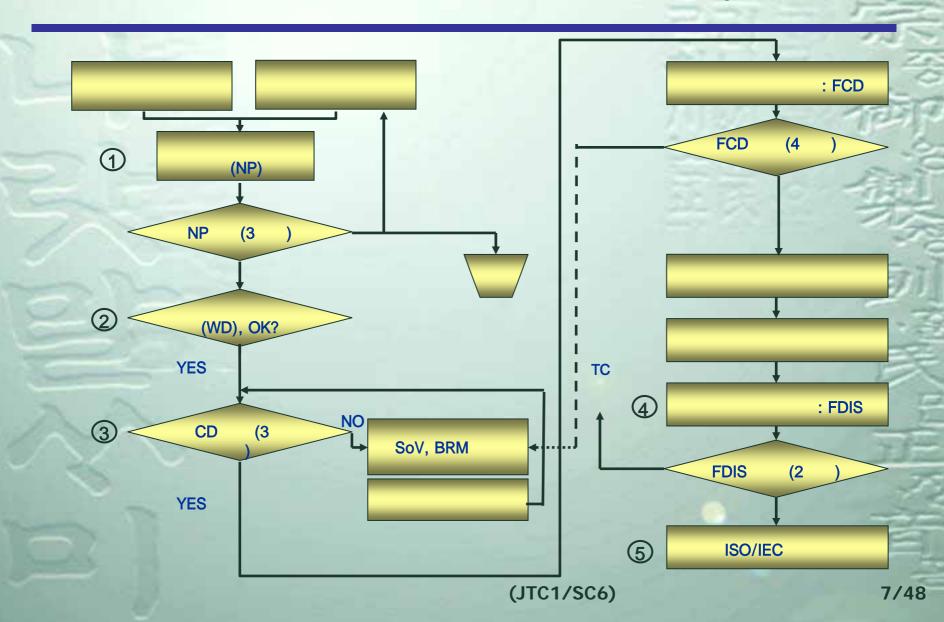
- JTC1 Directives
  - 5<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 17 (SC)
- (P) 26
- (O) 43
- SC
  - \* SC Chair
  - Secretariat
  - WG Convener
- Korea
  - \* SC6:
  - ❖ SC24:

				A RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TW			
	Stage	Standard	Amendment	Fast Track	Technical Report	ISP	Technical Corrigendum
	Stage 0						
	Stage 1 (Proposal)	NP	NP		NP	NP	
(F	Stage 2 Preparatory)	WD	WD		WD	WD	Defect Report
(	Stage 3 Committee)	CD FCD	PDAM FPDAM		PDTR	PDISP	DCOR
	Stage 4 (Approval)	FDIS	FDAM	DIS	DTR	FPDISP	
(1	Stage 5 Publication)	IS	AMD	IS	TR	ISP	COR

# : Standard Track

		14
(stage)		
0	(Preliminary Work Item)	PWI
1	(New Work Item Proposal)	NP
2	(Working Draft)	WD
3	(Committee Draft)	CD
3	(Final CD)	FCD
	(Draft International Standard)	DIS
4	(Final DIS)	FDIS
5	(International Standard)	IS

# : Summary



# Sample: G3 (NWIP)

### G3 New Work Item Proposal PROPOSAL FOR A NEW WORK ITEM Date of presentation of proposal: Proposer: YYYY-MM-DD ISO/IEC.JTC 1/SC XX ISO/IEC JTC 1 N XXXX National Body A proposal for a new work item shall be submitted to the secretariat of the ISO/IEC joint technical committee concerned with a copy to the ISO Central Secretariat. Presentation of the proposal - to be completed by the proposer Guidelines for proposing and justifying a new work item are given in ISO Guide 26. Title (subject to be covered and type of standard, e.g. terminology, method of test, performance requirements, etc.) Specification of Data Value Domain Scope (and field of application) Purpose and justification - attach a separate page as annex, if necessary Programme of work If the proposed new work item is approved, which of the following document(s) is (are) expected to be a single International Standard more than one International Standard (expected number: a multi-part International Standard consisting of ...... parts an amendment or amendments to the following International Standard(s) a technical report type Relevant documents to be considered Cooperation and liaison Preparatory work offered with target date(s) Will the service of a maintenance agency or registration authority be required? If yes, have you identified a potential candidate? If yes, indicate name Are there any known requirements for coding? -If yes, please specify on a separate page Does the proposed standard concern known patented items? - If yes, please provide full information in an annex Comments and recommendations of the JTC 1 Secretariat - attach a separate page as an annex, if necessary Comments with respect to the proposal in general, and recommendations thereon: It is proposed to assign this new item to JTC 1/SC XX Voting on the proposal - Each P-member of the ISO/IEC joint technical committee has an obligation to vote within the time limits laid down (normally three months after the date of circulation). Date of circulation: Closing date for voting: Signature of JTC 1 Secretary: YYYY-MM-DD YYYY-MM-DD

NEW WORK ITEM PROPOSAL - PROJECT ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA		
Criterion	Validity	Explanation
A Business Requirement		
A.1 Market Requirement	Essential Desirable Supportive	
A.2 Regulatory Context	Essential Desirable Supportive Not Relevant	
B. Related Work		
B.1 Completion/Maintenance of current standards	Yes No	
B.2 Commitment to other organization	Yes No	
B.3 Other Source of standards	Yes No	
C. Technical Status		
G.1 Mature Technology	Yes No	
G.2 Prospective Technology	Yes No	
G.3 Models/Tools	Yes No	
D. Conformity Assessment and Interoperability		
D.1 Conformity Assessment	Yes No	
D.2 Interoperability	Yes No	
E. Other Justification		

# Sample: G3 (NWIP)

### Notes to Proforma

- A. Business Relevance. That which identifies market place relevance in terms of what problem is being solved and or need being addressed.
- A.1. Market Requirement. When submitting a NP, the proposer shall identify the nature of the Market Requirement.
- A.2 Technical Regulation. If a Regulatory requirement is deemed to exist e.g. for an area of public concern e.g. Information Security, Data protection, potentially leading to regulatory/public interest action based on the use of this voluntary international standard the proposer shall identify this here.
- B. Related Work. Aspects of the relationship of this NP to other areas of standardization work shall be identified in this section.
- B.1 Competition/Maintenance. If this NP is concerned with completing or maintaining existing standards, those concerned shall be identified here.
- B.2 External Commitment. Groups, bodies, or fora external to JTC 1 to which a commitment has been made by JTC for cooperation and or collaboration on this NP shall be identified here.
- B.3 External Std/Specification. If other activities creating standards or specifications in this topic area are known to exist or be planned, and which might be available to JTC 1 as PAS, they shall be identified here.
- C. Technical Status. The proposer shall indicate here an assessment of the extent to which the proposed standard is supported by current technology.
- C.1 Mature Technology. Indicate here the extent to which the technology is reasonably stable and ripe for standardization.
- C.2 Prospective Technology. If the NP is anticipatory in nature based on expected or forecasted need, this shall be indicated here.
- C.3 Models/Tools. If the NP relates to the creation of supportive reference models or tools, this shall be indicated here.
- D. Any other aspects of background information justifying this NP shall be indicated here.

### D. Conformity Assessment and Interoperability

- D.1 Indicate here if Conformity Assessment is relevant to your project. If so, indicate how it is addressed in your project plan.
- D.2 Indicate here if Interoperability is relevant to your project. If so, indicate how it is addressed in your project plan.
- E. Cultural and Linguistic Adaptability Indiciate here if cultural and linguistic adaptability is applicable to your project. If so, indicate how it is addressed in your project plan.
- F. Other Justification Any other aspects of background information justifying this NP shall be indicated here

# G3: NWIP

- Title
- Scope
- Purpose & Justification
  - · 7
- Program of Work
- Relevant Document
- Co-operation & Liaison

# Sample: G4 (NP Ballot)

NP			

VOTE ON A PROPOSED NEW WORK ITEM

ISORECUTE 1 N XXXX

ISOREC JTC 1/SC N xxx

Date of Circulation of NP: CCYY-MM-DD

Date of Ballot Close: CCYY-MM-DD

Please return all votes and comments directly to the JTC 1/(SC YY) Secretariat by the due date indicated.

Proposal for a new work item on

### Title

Any proposal to add a new item to the programme of work shall be voted on by correspondence, even if it has appeared in the agenda of a meeting.

A. Vote		YES	NO	Comments
Q.1	Do you accept the proposal in document JTC 1 (SC ) N XXXX as a sufficient definition of the new work term? (If you have responded NO* to the above question, you are required to comment.)			_
0.2	Do you support the addition of the new work item to the programme of work of the joint technical committee?			_
II. Participation				
Q.3	Do you commit yourself to participate in the development of this new work item?			_
Q.4	Are you able to offer a project editor who will dedicate his/her efforts to the advancement and maintenance of this project? (#1"YES," please identify			_
G. Documentation			Г	
Q.6	Do you have a major contribution or a reference document ready for submitted?			_
0.6	Will you have such a contribution in ninety days?			
9.7	Which standard development track is proposed			

P-member Visting:	Date:	Submitted by:
National Body		Name

ISO/EC Directives, 5" Edition, 94

# G4: NP Letter Ballot

- NP
- **\***
- NP
  - \* SC
    - > Q1, Q2: YES
  - **\*** 5
    - > Q3: YES

# Sample: G6 (CD Cover Page)

## G&CD Cover Page

Committee Draft ISO/IEC CD	
DINN DEYY-MM-DD	Reference number: SIGNEC JFC NSC YY R XXXX
Supercedite document SC YY N XXXX	

THIS OCCUMENT IS STILL UNDER STUDY AND SUBJECT TO CHANGE. IT SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES.

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC YY Constriction Title Secretariat National Body	Circulated to P- and O-members, and to technical committees and organisations in liaison for: discussion at comment by voting by (P-members only)
(Acronym)	CCYY-MM-DD
	Please return all voices and comments in electronic form directly to the SC YY Secretarist by the due date indicated.

ISOMEC		
Title:		
Project. 1.xx.xx.xx.xx		

Introductory note:
Medium:
No. of pages:

Address Repty to: Secretarist, ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC YF, Address Temphone: 1294567; Facsimie: 1294568; E-Mail: dt.coffebb; p.)

- **■** G6: CD Cover Page
  - CD Text
- CD /
  - **\*** 3
- **3** 
  - ♦ BRM 7
  - \* SoV
  - DoC
  - Revised CD

# Sample: G7 (FCD Cover Page)

### GT FCD Cover Page

Final Committee Draft ISO/IEC FCD	
Date OCYY-MM-DD	Reference number: SIGNEC JTC 1/5C YY N XXXXX
Supersedes document SC YY N XXXX	

THIS DOCUMENT IS STILL UNDER STUDY AND BUBLECT TO CHANGE. IT SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES.

ISONEC JTC 1/SC YY Committee Title	Circulated to P- and O-members, and to technical committees and organisations in liaison for voting (P-members only) by
Secretariat:	CCYY-MM-DD
National Body (Actorym)	Please return all votes and comments in electronic form directly to the SC YY Secretariat by the due date indicated.

ISO/EC Tide: Project: 1.xx.xx.xx.xx

Introductory note:
Medium:
No. of pages:

Address Reply to: Secretarial, ISCHEC JTC 1/8C YY, Address Telephone: 1234567, Facarrelle: 1234568, E-Mail: attocker's Re-

- G7: FCD Cover Page
  - \* FCD Text
- : 4
- FCD ITTF ( )
  , ITTF editorial
  comments

# Sample: G8 (CD/FCD Ballot)

CA CD/FCO L -H Poll-t		
G8 CD/FCD Letter Ballot		
Vote on Committee Draft ISO/IEC	XXX	
Date of circulation: CCYY-MM-DD	Reference number ISO/IEC JPC 1/SC YY N XXXX	
Closing date: OCYY-MM-DO		
ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC YY Committee Title	Circulated to P-members of the committee for voting	
Secretariat National Body (Acranym)	Please return all votes and comments in electronic form directly to the SC YY Secretarist by the due date indicated.	
ISOVEC		
Title:		
Project: 1.xxxxxxxxxx		
Vete		
APPROVAL OF THE DRA	FT AS PRESENTED	
APPROVAL OF THE DRAF	FT WITH COMMENTS AS GIVEN ON THE ATTACHED	
peneral:		
technical:		
editorial:		
DISAPPROVAL OF THE D	RAFT FOR REASONS ON THE ATTACHED	
Acceptance of these reaso	es and appropriate changes in the text will change our vote to approval	
ABSTENTION (FOR REAL	IONS BELOW):	
P-member voting:		
National Body (Acronym)		
Date:		
CCYY-MM-DD		
Submitted by:		
Name		
Address Reply to: Secretariat, ISC Telephone: 1294567; Facsimile: 1		

```
G8: CD/FCD Ballot
(with comments)
(abstain)
SC
SoV
BRM (SC/WG)
DoC
```

# Sample: G10 (FDIS Ballot)

G10 FDIS Letter Ballot e isoisc isse			G10: F	DIS Ballo
ISO IEC	VOTE ON FINAL DRAFT		*	: 2
VOTE ON ISOMEC FORS			* ITTE	(
Date National body	BOIEC JTC 1			
		100		
Circulated to all national bodies for vo are invited to vote.	oting in accordance with 12.7.2 of the ISO/IEC JTC 1 Directives. All national bodies		*	2/3
*-members of the joint technical o	ommittee concerned have an obligation to vote.			
To cast a vote on a Final Druft Internal it to the ISO Central Secretariat.	ational Standard, national bodies shall complete and sign this ballot paper, and return		<ul><li>½</li></ul>	
If a national body votes affirmatively, negatively and state the technical rea	it shall not submit comments. If a national body finds the FCHS anacceptable, it shall seens.			10
ISO/IEC FDIS				, IS
Title				
We approve the technical conf				
We disapprove for the technic	al reasons stated			
Remarks				
We abstain				
Signature				

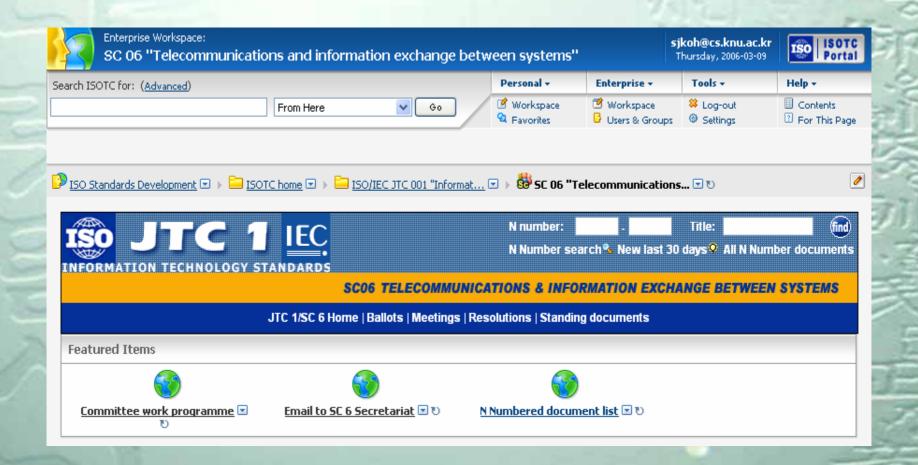
# JTC1/SC6

# JTC1/SC6/WG7

```
    SC6 ( / , )
    SC6 ( , )
    JTC1/SC6 ( )
    ( ), (ETRI), ...
```

- \* ECTP: 1997 ~
  - > Enhanced Communications Transport Protocol
- \* RMCP: 2001 ~
  - Relayed Multicast Control Protocol
- ♦ MMC: 2005 ~
  - Mobile Multicast Communications

# JTC1/SC6



# JTC1/SC6: WGs

WORKING GROUP 1		Allocation of project numbers: 01-19	
01	Basic Mode		
02	High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC) procedures		
03	03 OSI Data Link services and protocols		
05	Local and Metropolitan Area Networks		
06	Mechanical characteristics of the interchange circuits		
07	Electrical characteristics of V-series and X-series inte	rchange circuits	
08	Functional characteristics of V-series and X-series int	erchange circuits	
09	DTE signal quality requirements		
10	DTE to DTE physical connection		
11	OSI Physical Layer services and protocols		
12	Near field communication		
WORKING GROUP 7		Allocation of project numbers: 30-39	
30	OSI Network Layer services and protocols		
31	OSI Routeing protocols		
32	OSI Transport Layer services and protocols		
33	Enhanced communications services and protocols		
34	Network and Transport layer management		
35	Network security		
36	Quality of service		
WORKING GROUP 8		Allocation of project numbers: 40-49	
47	OSI Directory services and protocols		
48	New generation network directory protocols		
WORKING GROUP 9		Allocation of project numbers: 50-59	
50	OSI Registration procedures		
52	Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) Specification		
53 Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) Encoding Rules		S	
54 Generic applications of ASN.1			

# : ECTP

# **ECTP** controls

- Session Join (Membership)
- Error/Flow Control (like TCP)
- QoS Management (Monitoring)

Multicast Applications
( , , )

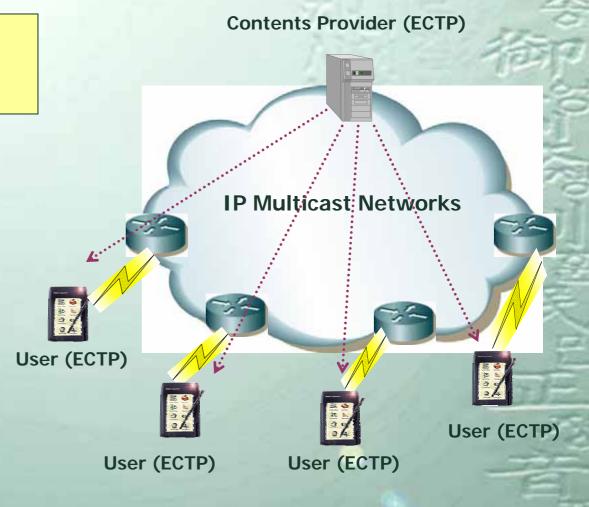
ECTP

UDP

IPv4/IPv6 (Multicast)

Data Link

Physical Layer



# : RMCP

# **RMCP provides**

- Multicast over Unicast Networks
- Relayed (Overlay) Multicast
- MA (Multicast Agents)

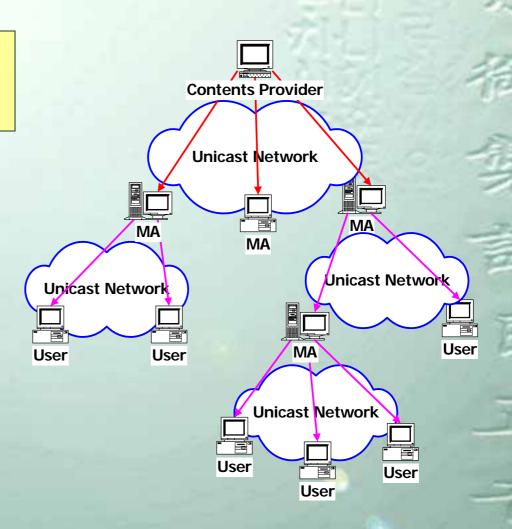
RMCP Multicast Applications

TCP/UDP

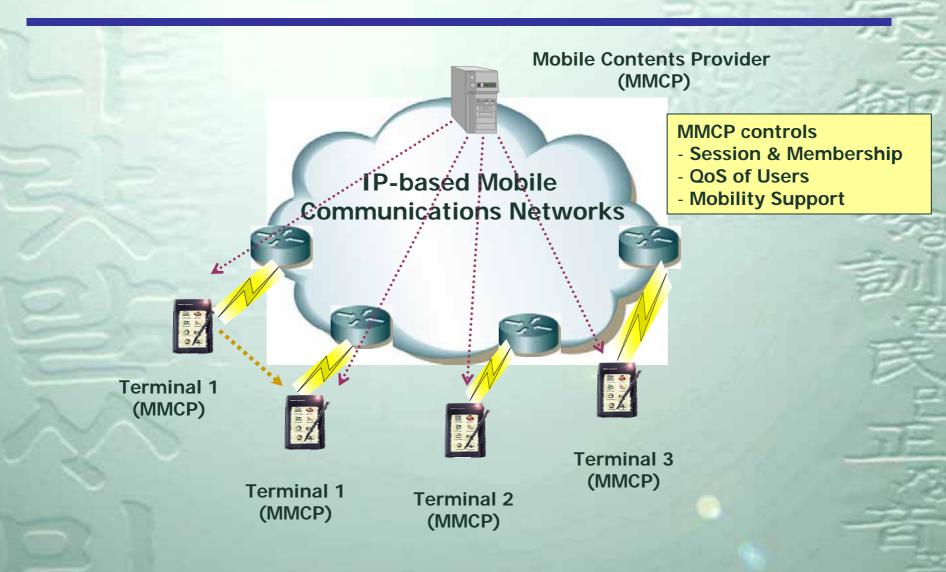
IPv4/IPv6 (Unicast)

Data Link

Physical Layer

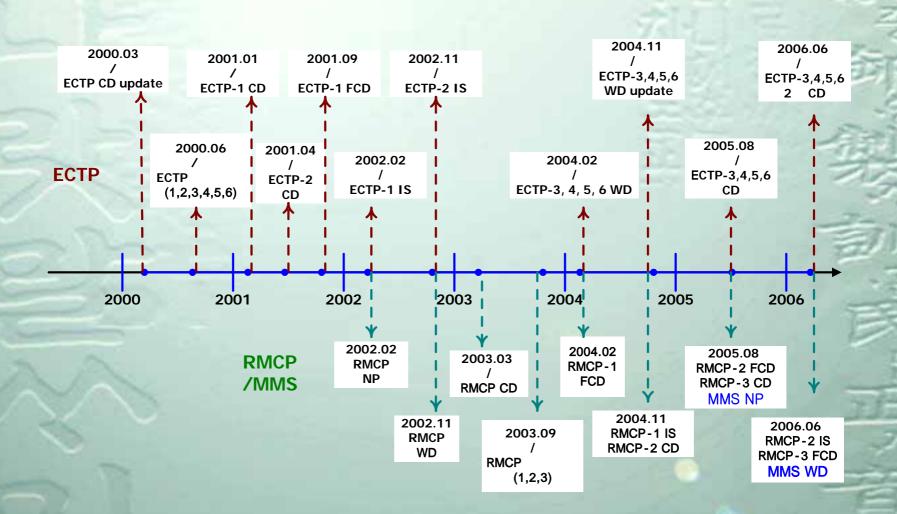


# : MMC



(JTC1/SC6)

# 가 (ECTP/RMCP/MMC)



# : ECTP/RMCP/MMS

	(as of 2006)	Editors
ECTP-1	IS 14476-1 ( )	(ETRI)
ECTP-2	IS 14476-2 ( )	(ETRI)
ECTP-3	CD 14476-3 (CD )	/ ( )
ECTP-4	CD 14476-4 (CD )	( )
ECTP-5	CD 14476-5 (CD )	/ ( )
ECTP-6	CD 14476-6 (CD )	
RMCP-1	IS 16512-1 ( )	/
RMCP-2	FCD 16512-2 (FCD )	(ETRI)
RMCP-3	CD 16512-3 (CD )	(ETRI)
ММС	NP (2005.12)	( )

# : NP (MMC)

### G3 New Work Item Proposal

### PROPOSAL FOR A NEW WORK ITEM

	Proposer: National Body of Korea(KATS)		
Secretariat: National Body	ISO/IEC JTC 1 6N12954		

A proposal for a new work item shall be submitted to the secretariat of the ISO/IEC joint technical committee concerned with a copy to the ISO Central Secretariat.

Presentation of the proposal - to be completed by the proposer Guidelines for proposing and justifying a new work item are given in ISO Guide 26.

Title (subject to be covered and type of standard, e.g. terminology, method of test, performance requirements, etc.):

### Mobile Multicast Communications

Scope (and field of application)

This work item (project) is to develop a series of specifications for mobile multicast protocols and frameworks that can be used to support the multicasting services in the IP-based mobile and wireless communications networks. Depending on the circumstances of the mobile networks and the underlying multicast data transport schemes, the scope of this project includes one or more specific items (specifications) for mobile multicasting. For an example, a Mobile Multicast Control Protocol (MMCP) may be developed for an application-level control protocol, which can be used for a mobile multicast service provider to control the session join of the newly joining users, the session monitoring of the active membership and Quality-of-Services (QoS) of the session users. With this context, this project might develop one or more specifications (protocols and frameworks) for mobile multicast communications, which may depend on the market needs and the protocol requirements.

Purpose and justification - See attached sheet

### Programme of work

If the proposed new work item is approved , which of the following document(s) is (are) expected to be developed?

a single International Standard more than one International Standard (expected number:
X a multi-part International Standard consisting of2 or 3 parts
an amendment or amendments to the following International Standard(s)
a technical report , type

Relevant documents to be considered: ISO/IEC 14476 (ECTP) and 16512 (RMCP)

Cooperation and liaison: This work item has already been progressed in the ITU-T Q.1/17. It is expected that the work could be developed in conjunction with ITU-T SG17, as a common text

Preparatory work offered with target date(s): The Republic of Korea will provide a first draft of the new specification within twelve months of approval of the New Work Item.

Signature: Convenor SC6/WG7

Will the service of a maintenance agency or registration authority be required?No
Are there any known requirements for coding?No
Does the proposed standard concern known patented items?No

### Comments and recommendations of the JTC 1 Secretariat

Comments with respect to the proposal in general, and recommendations thereon: It is proposed to assign this new item to JTC 1/SC 06

Voting on the proposal - Each P-member of the ISO/IEC joint technical committee has an obligation to vote within the time limits laid down (normally three months after the date of circulation).

		Signature of Secretary: Jooran Lee
2000 00 10	2000 12 10	DODICAL DOC

NEW WORK ITEM PROPOSAL - PROJECT ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA		
Criterion	Validity	Explanation
A Business Requirement		
A.1 Market Requirement	Essential _X Desirable Supportive	See attached sheet
A.2 Regulatory Context	Essential Desirable Supportive Not Relevant _X_	
B. Related Work		
B.1 Completion/Maintenance of current standards	Yes No_X	The proposed project is a new work item
B.2 Commitment to other organization	Yes _X No	ITU-T Q.1/17
B.3 Other Source of standards	Yes No_X	
C. Technical Status		
C.1 Mature Technology	Yes _X No	The proposed project is based on the currently used technologies, and stable and ripen for standardization.

# : NP (MMC)

C.2 Prospective Technology	Yes _X No	
C.3 Models/Tools	Yes _X No	The project will also provide a supportive reference model for the associated areas
D. Conformity Assessment and Interoperability		
D.1 Conformity Assessment	Yes NoX_	
D.2 Interoperability	Yes NoX_	
E. Other Justification		See attached for further background

### Notes to Proforma

- A. Business Relevance. That which identifies market place relevance in terms of what problem is being solved and or need being addressed.
- A.1. Market Requirement. When submitting a NP, the proposer shall identify the nature of the Market Requirement, assessing the extent to which it is essential, desirable or merely supportive of some other project.
- A.2 Technical Regulation. If a Regulatory requirement is deemed to exist e.g. for an area of public concern e.g. Information Security, Data protection, potentially leading to regulatory/public interest action based on the use of this voluntary international standard - the proposer shall identify this here.
- **B. Related Work.** Aspects of the relationship of this NP to other areas of standardization work shall be identified in this section.
- B.1 Competition/Maintenance. If this NP is concerned with completing or maintaining existing standards, those concerned shall be identified here.
- B.2 External Commitment. Groups, bodies, or fora external to JTC 1 to which a commitment has been made by JTC for cooperation and or collaboration on this NP shall be identified here.
- B.3 External Std/Specification. If other activities creating standards or specifications in this topic area are known to exist or be planned, and which might be available to JTC 1 as PAS, they shall be identified here.
- C. Technical Status. The proposer shall indicate here an assessment of the extent to which the proposed standard is supported by current technology.
- C.1 Mature Technology. Indicate here the extent to which the technology is reasonably stable and ripe for standardization.

### Annex.

### Supporting Text for New Work Item Proposal:

### Mobile Multicast Communications

This work item (project), "Mobile Multicast Communications" is to develop a series of mobile multicast specifications that can be used to support the multicasting services in the IP-based mobile and wireless communications networks. Depending on the circumstances of the mobile networks and the underlying multicast data transport schemes, this project will produce one or more specifications required for mobile multicast communications.

As an example of such protocols, a Mobile Multicast Control Protocol (MMCP) may be developed as application-level control protocol, which can be used for a mobile multicast service provider to control the session join of the newly joining users, the session monitoring of the active membership and Quality-of-Services (QoS) of the session users. In this context, this project might develop one or more protocol specifications for mobile multicasting, which may depend on the market needs and the requirements for the associated protocols.

This supporting text describes the Mobile Multicast Control Protocol as a specific example of Mobile Multicast Protocols. In addition, the work item might develop some more protocols for of Mobile Multicast Protocols, as the other parts of this project.

It is noted that this work item on Mobile Multicast Protocols would be done as a new ISO/IEC standardization item, also as a common text with the ITU-T Rec. X.600 series. It is expected that the new work, if approved, would be undertaken collaboratively by the expert group in the JTC 1/SC 6/WG 7 and ITU-T SG17 Question 1.

### 1. Motivations

The MMCP standardization work is now under development in the ITU-T Q.1/17. This work item also needs to be undertaken by ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 6/WG 7 with the following motivations:

a) Increasing demand of IP-based mobile multicast multimedia applications/services

In the mobile telecommunications markets, there are crucial needs to provide the multimedia multicast applications and services commercially all over the world. Examples of these mobile multicast applications and services include mobile Internet TV, remote education on mobile devices, mobile broadcasting of special live events, PTT (Push To Talk) or PoC (PTT over CDMA), and so on.

It is envisioned that these mobile multicasting services could be provided over a variety of radio access networks such as cdma2000, W-CDMA, WLAN (IEEE 802.11), Broadband Wireless Access (IEEE 802.16) networks. Over such wireless networks, the service providers plan to launch the IP-based multimedia multicasting services.

b) Infrastructures of wireless networks for multicasting services

(JTC1/SC6)

# : NP (MMC)

### 2. Requirements for MMCP

To support the mobile multicasting applications and services, the MMCP shall be designed with the following requirements:

### Tunctionality of controlling the mobile multicast sessions

Basically, the MMCP is purposed to provide the control functions for the mobile multicast applications/sessions (multicast sessions over wireless mobile networks). The control functions to be provide by MMCP include 'session join' for a new joining user, 'membership monitoring' of active users, QoS monitoring for the data packets received by end users, etc. It is noted that these functions are essentially required for the mobile multicasting services to be deployed in the commercial mobile networks.

### ② Easy integration of legacy multicast applications with MMCP

The MMCP is a new protocol used to support the multicast applications over the mobile networks. Accordingly, all of the existing legacy multicast applications should be able to be used together with the MMCP, without any further modifications, in the mobile networks. That is, it should be guaranteed that the MMCP can be used along with any legacy multicast applications.

### Separation of MMCP control channel from the application data channel

To support the requirement of the "easy integration of legacy multicast applications", the MMCP needs to operate as a control channel, separately from the application data channel. That is, the MMCP defines only the control functionality necessary for the mobile multicast transport rather than the data transport itself.

Accordingly, the MMCP may itself be implemented as a control module of library, which could be used by any application programs. This ensures that the multicast data applications could be implemented, when it needs some control functionality provided by the MMCP, by appropriately using the application programming interfaces (APIs) defined in the MMCP control.

### ④ Generic IP-based control protocol of MMCP

While the MBMS and BCMCS, which are under considerations by 3GPP and 3GPP2, are based on their own access technologies and systems, the MMCP should be able to be generically and commonly used on all of the IP-based mobile networks. More specifically, the MMCP should be able to operate over the IP-based mobile wireless networks based on the IEEE 802.11, 802.16, and 802.20, etc.

### ⑤ Considerations of wireless link characteristics

It is noted that the wireless links are generically in the lower quality than the wired links. Accordingly, the mobile users may be susceptible to the quality of services for the mobile application services. In this context, the MMCP needs to provide the monitoring of QoS perceived by end users.

This monitored QoS information might be used by the contents providers to adjust the data transmission rate. For example, the MPEG-based trans-coding or 5VC (Scalable Video Coding) techniques could be used with the MMCP to reflect on the QoS status of the end users. The monitored QoS information might also be used by the content providers to charge for usage of the contents/services to the end users.

### 4. Generic Framework of MMCP

Based on the considerations and discussion described so far, this section provides a generic framework of the MMCP protocol.

### 4.1. Protocol Model

Figure 2 shows the MMCP control protocol together with the legacy multicast application.



Figure 2. MMCP and Multicast Applications

In the figure, the legacy multicast application based on the UDP/IP is performed between mobile terminals and contents server (multicast sender). The MMCP will be used together with the multicast application between the mobile terminal and multicast sender.

In the figure, at the contents server side, the MMCP may be implemented with the multicast data transport module, or as a separate module with the interface to the data transport module, which may depend on implementation.

Figure 3 shows the protocol stack of MMCP.

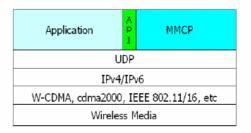


Figure 3. MMCP Protocol Stack

# (SC6/WG7

)

6SP7-19

# ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 6 TELECOMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION EXCHANGE BETWEEN SYSTEMS

Title: Proposed Changes to Section 7 (Considerations) in ECTP-5

Source: KOREA (Dongman Lee, Seungik Lee)

Project: JTC 1.6.33.02.03 | ITU-T Q.1/17

Status:

This text provides modified considerations such as new participants and error control trees in ECTP-5

This text is submitted for discussion to the joint meeting of JTC 1/SC 6/WG 7 and ITU-T Q.1/17, which will be held on 29 August - 2 September 2005.

### Considerations

### 7.1 Participants

The participants to an ECTP-5 connection can be classified into one of the following nodes:

a) TO (TC-Owner)

ECTP-5 connection has a single TO. The TO is responsible for connection management including connection creation and termination, late join, connection maintenance, and token management.

For example, in the teleconferencing applications, the TO may act as the 'conference server', which may be used for control of the conferencing without sending multicast data. In the example of 'multi-users on-line game' application, the TO may act as the 'game-control server'.

b) TU (TS-User)

An ECTP-5 connection has one or more TUs. Each of them receives multicast data from SUs or TO.

SU (Sending TS-User)

An SU is a TU who can send multicast data to the group. In ECTP-5 connection, a TU becomes an SU when it has a token and it can thus transmit multicast data to the group

d) GA (Group Agent)

In the ECTP-5 connection, for a given set of participants, GA becomes the root of logical tree spanning all of them and participates in the creation of error recovery tree. It is responsible for error recovery to the child nodes in the logical trees by retransmission of requested data. It receives multicast data like TUs and maintains buffers for recovery of lost multicast data packets for TU/TO or GA.

### 7.2 Data Channel and Addressing

In ECTP-5, SU or TO can send multicast data packets to the session members as shown in the figure below.

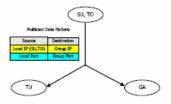


Figure 1 - Multicast Data Addressing in ECTP-5

# : WD (SC6/WG7

# )

# Telecommunications and Information Exchange Between Systems

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 06 N12951

**Date:** 2005-09-15

Replaces:

Document Type: Working Draft Text

**Document Title:** The 3rd W/D of ISO/IEC 14476-5 (ITU-T X.608)

**Document Source:** SC 6/WG 7 St Paul de Vence meeting

Project Number:

**Document Status:** For comments to the next WG 7 intermim meeting

Action ID: FYI

Due Date:

No. of Pages: 57

ISO/IEC JTC1/SC6 Secretariat

Ms. Jooran Lee, KSA (on behalf of KATS), Korea Technology Center #701-7 Yeoksam-dong, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 135-513, Republic of Korea; Telephone: +82 2 6009 4808; Facsimile: +82 2 6009 4819; Email: iooran@kisi.or.kr

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 6 N 12951

(6SP7-42)

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 6
TELECOMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION
EXCHANGE BETWEEN SYSTEMS

Title: The 3rd WD of ISO/IEC 14476-5 | ITU-T X.608

Source: Project Editors (Seok J. Koh and Dae Y. Kim)

Project: JTC 1.6.33.02.03 | ITU-T Q.1/17

Status:

This text is an output document of ECTP-5 WD (version 3), which has been produced based on the contributions and discussions made in the joint meeting of JTC 1/SC 6/WG 7 and ITU-T Q.1/17, which will be held on 29 August – 2 September 2005. After the meeting, it is proposed that this text should be circulated to the JTC 1/SC 6 members for further contributions.

# : CD Ballot Text (ECTP-5)

Telecommunications and Information Exchange Between Systems

JTC 1/SC 6 N13016

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 06 N13016

**Date**: 2005-11-28

Replaces:

**Document Type:** Text for CD Ballot

**Document Title:** Text for 1st CD ballot, ISO/IEC CD 14476-5 (ITU-T X.608)

Document Source: Project Editor

Project Number:

**Document Status:** As per the JTC 1/SC 6 St Paul de Vence resolution 6.7.2, P-members of

JTC 1/SC 6 are requested to submit the vote to SC 6 Secretariat no later

than 2006-02-28.

Action ID: LB

**Due Date:** 2006-02-28

No. of Pages: 61

ISO/IEC JTC1/SC6 Secretariat

Ms. Jooran Lee, KSA (on behalf of KATS), Korea Technology Center #701-7 Yeoksam-dong, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 135-513, Republic of Korea; Telephone: +82 2 6009 4808; Facsimile: +82 2 6009 4819; Email:

jooran@kisi.or.kr

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 6
TELECOMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION

EXCHANGE BETWEEN SYSTEMS

Title: CD Ballot Text of ISO/IEC 14476-5 | ITU-T X.608

Source: Project Editors (Seok J. Koh and Dae Y. Kim)

Project: JTC 1.6.33.02.03 | ITU-T Q.1/17

Status:

This text is the ECTP-3 output document of the joint meeting of the JTC 1/SC

6/WG 7 and ITU-T Q.1/17.

This is submitted to the JTC 1/SC 6 for the first CD ballot processing, as per

Resolution 6.7.2 of the JTC 1/SC 6 Plenary Meeting, September 2005.

# : SoV (RMCP-2 CD Ballot)

# Telecommunications and Information Exchange Between Systems

# ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 06 N12855

Date: 2005-03-24

Replaces:

**Document Type:** Summary of Voting/Table of Replies

Document Title: Summary of Voting on SC 6 N12762, Text for CD ballot, ISO/IEC CD

16512-2 | ITU-T X.603.1

Document Source: SC 6 Secretariat

Project Number:

**Document Status:** For your information

Action ID: FYI

Due Date:

No. of Pages:

ISO/IEC JTC1/SC6 Secretariat Ms. Jooran Lee, KSA (on behalf of KATS)
Korea Technology Center #701-7 Yeoksam-dong, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 135-513, Republic of Korea;
Telephone: +82 2 6009 4808; Facsimile: +82 2 6009 4819; Email: secretariat@jtc1sc06.org

# Summary of Voting on SC 6 N 12762

National Body	Approve	Disapprove	Abstain	Comments
Austria				
Belgium				
China				
Czech Republic	X			
France			X	No resource.
Germany				
Greece				
Japan			X	No resources.
Kenya				
Republic of Korea	X			
Russian Federation				
Switzerland	X			
Ukraine				
United Kingdom	X			
USA			X	

# : DoC (ECTP-1 CD Ballot)

Title: Disposition of Comments for the fourth CD 14476-1 ballot

Source: Project Editor (Seok Joo Koh, KOREA)

Project: JTC1 1.6.69 (ITU-T Q.8/7 X.ectp)

Status: This DoC document is prepared according to the fourth CD ballot comments

(6N11810) and agreed at the joint meeting of ITU-T Q.8/7 and JTC 1/SC 6/WG 7

for the fourth CD 14476-1 ballot resolution, which was held in Geneva, January

2001. The Final CD text of ITU-T X.ectp | ISO/IEC 14476-1 is produced for the

FCD ballot process, in accordance with this document.

The SoV document for the fourth CD ballot (6N11810) contains the comments from Czech Republic and U. K. Those are disposed in the new text for FCD ballot as follows.

# 1. Disposition of the comments from Czech Republic

The Czech Republic comments in SC6 N11810 read:

Comment Type: Minor Editorial

Concern/Rationale: There is an incomplete abbreviation list in the standard's draft (see CD 14476.3).

Abbreviations such as IETF and RFC should be used

Disposition:

Per the comment, the abbreviation list was extended to include the abbreviations and technical terms used in the text as well as the IETF and RFC pointed.

## 2. Dispositions of the comments from United Kingdom

U.K gave total 22 comments, which are all regarding minor editorial issues. Each of those comments also has the corresponding suggested English clarification.

Comments # 1 to #5 are pertaining to Introduction of the ECTP specification;

Comment # 6 is pertaining to Section 3.3 of the ECTP specification;

Comments # 7 to #22 are all pertaining to Section 6 (Overview) of the ECTP specification.

All the comments and the suggested clarifications are disposed into the concerned paragraphs of the new ECTP specification.

# : FCD (ECTP-1 FCD Ballot)

# ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 6 TELECOMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION EXCHANGE BETWEEN SYSTEMS

Title: Final CD Ballot Text for ITU-T X.ectp-1 | ISO/IEC 14476-1

Source: Project Editor (Seok Joo Koh, KOREA)

Project: ITU-T Q.8/7 X.ectp (JTC 1.6.69)

Status:

Per the JTC 1/SC 6 Praha Resolution 6.7.3 (6N11640), this document is circulated for the FCD ballot processing. This is an output document of the joint meeting of JTC 1/SC 6/WG 7 and ITU-T Q.8/7, which was held in Geneva, January 2001. This document is prepared in accordance with disposition of the fourth CD ballot comments, which is contained in the SoV document (6N11810).

		Table of Contents	
1.	Scope	1	1
2.	Norm	ative references	1
-			-
3.		itions	
	3.1	Terms defined in ITU-T Rec. X.601 Terms defined in ITU-T Rec. X.605   ISO/IEC 13252	
	3.3	Terms defined in this Recommendation   International Standard	
	3.3	Terms defined in this recommendation   International Standard	2
4.		eviations	
	4.1	Packet types	
	4.2	Miscellaneous	3
5.	Conv	entions	3
	_		
5.	Overv	riew	4
1.	Proto	col components	7
	7.1	Nodes	7
	7.2	Control tree	8
	7.3	Addressing	
	7.3.1	Port	
	7.3.2		
	7.3.3	Multicast data and control addresses	
	7.4	Packets	10
8.	Proto	col procedures	11
	8.1	Operations before the connection creation	11
	8.2	Connection creation	12
	8.2.1	Procedures for connection creation	12
	8.2.2	Control tree creation.	
	8.3	Data transmission	
	8.3.1	Checksum.	
	8.3.2	Sequence number	
	8.4	Error recovery.	
	8.4.1	Error detection	
	8.4.2	Retransmission request	
	8.4.3 8.4.4	ACK generation	
	8.4.4	ACK aggregation.  Local RTT measurement	
	8.4.6	Retransmission	
	8.5	Connection pause and resume	
	8.6	Late join	
	8.7	Leave	
	8.7.1	User-invoked leave	
	8.7.2	Troublemaker ejection.	
	8.8	Tree membership maintenance	
	8.8.1	Tree configuration for late joiners	
	882	Tree reconfiguration for leaving receivers	10

# : FDIS (ECTP-1)

DIS/FDIS - Result of voting

Page 1 of 1

. .

Information technology -- Enhanced Communications Transport Protocol: Specification of simplex multicast

transport -- Part 1:

 Document:
 ISO/IEC FDIS 14476-1 □
 Committee:
 JTC 1/SC 6

 Start date (CET):
 2001-11-15
 End date (CET):
 2002-01-15

 ISO/CS ballot closing date (CET):
 Voting phase:
 Approval

 Status:
 OPEN
 Version:
 1

Vienna Agreement:

Title:

		n		
Country r	Member	Participation	Voted	Comments file
Australia	SAI	P	Abstention	
Belgium	IBN	P	Approval	
Brazil	ABNT	P	Abstention	
Canada	SCC	P	Approval	
China	SACS	P	Approval	
Czech Republic	CSNI	P	Approval	
Denmark	DS	P	Abstention	
Egypt	EOS	0	Approval	
Finland	SFS	P	Approval	
France	AFNOR	P	Approval	
Germany	DIN	P	Approval	
Greece	ELOT	0	Approval	
Ireland	NSAI	P		
Italy	UNI	P	Approval	
Japan	ЛSC	P	Approval	
Korea, Dem. P. Rep. of	CSK	P		
Korea, Republic of	KATS	P	Approval	
Netherlands	NEN	P	Abstention	
New Zealand	SNZ	P	Approval	
Norway	NSF	P	Abstention	
Portugal	IPQ	P	Abstention	
Russian Federation	GOST R	0	Approval	
Slovenia	SIST	P		
South Africa	SABS	P	Abstention	
Sweden	SIS	P	Abstention	
Switzerland	SNV	P	Abstention	
Ukraine	DSTU	0	Approval	
United Kingdom	BSI	P	Approval	
USA	ANSI	S		

FINAL DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO/IEC FDIS 14476-1

ISO/IEC JTC 1

Secretariat: ANSI

Voting begins on: 2001-11-15

Voting terminates on: 2002-01-15 Information technology — Enhanced Communications Transport Protocol: Specification of simplex multicast transport

Technologies de l'information — Protocole de transport de communication amélioré: Spécifications pour le Transport «Simplex Multicast»

NT ARE INVITED MENTS, NOTIFI-ENT RIGHTS OF D TO PROVIDE

IN ADDITION TO THEIR SWALLISTON AS BEING ACCEPTABLE FOR ROLLISTON, TECHNO-LOSICAL, COMMERCIAL AND LIESE PLEFFCESS, DRAFT INSTANTANCE, THANARESS MAY ON OCCASION HAVE TO BE CONSESSED IN THE LIGHT OF THAN POTENTIAL TO SECONE STAN-DARDO TO WHICH REPRESENTE MAY BE IMMOS IN AN EXCHAUNT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE THANARES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE THANARES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE THANARES OF Please see the administrative notes on page ii-1



Reference number ISO/IEC FDIS 14476-1:2001(E)

© ISO/IEC 2001

# : IS (ECTP-1)

FINAL DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO/IEC FDIS 14476-1

ISO/IEC JTC 1

Secretariat: ANSI

Voting begins on: 2001-11-15

Voting terminates on: 2002-01-15

Information technology — Enhanced Communications Transport Protocol: Specification of simplex multicast transport

Technologies de l'information — Protocole de transport de communication amélioré: Spécifications pour le Transport «Simple» Multicast»

Please see the administrative notes on page ii-1

RECIPIENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE INVITED TO SUBMIT, WITH THEIR COMMENTS, NOTIFICATION OF ANY RELEVANT PATENT RIGHTS OF WHICH THEY ARE AWARE AND TO PROVIDE SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION.

IN ADDITION TO THEIR EVALUATION AS BEING ACCEPTABLE FOR INDUSTRIAL TECHNO-COLORS, COMMERCIAL AND USER PLIRPOSES, OCCASION HAVE TO BE CONSISTED IN THE LIGHT OF THEIR POTENTIAL TO BECOME STANDARDS TO WHICH REFERENCE MAY BE MADE IN NATIONAL BESULLATIONS.



Reference number ISO/IEC FDIS 14476-1:2001(E)

© ISO/IEC 2001

ISO/IEC FDIS 14476-1:2001(E)

### Table of Contents

1.	50	cope			
2.	N	ormati	re references		
3.	_		05		
			s defined in ITU-T Rec. X.601		
			s defined in ITU-T Rec. X.605   ISO/IEC 13252		
	3.3	Tem	s defined in this Recommendation   International Standard		
4	A	hbrevia	ntions .		
	4.1		et types		
	4.2		ellaneous		
5.	5. Conventions.				
6.	0	tvertriet	Υ		
	-				
7.	Protocol components				
	7.1	Node	5		
	7.2		rol tree		
	7.3	Addr	essing		
		3.1	Port		
		3.2	Transport addresses		
		3.3	Multicast data and control addresses		
	7.4 Packets			1	
2	P	ratacal	procedures	1	
٥.			ations before the connection creation		
	8.2		Connection creation 11		
	8	2.1	Procedures for connection creation		
	8.	2.2	Control tree creation		
	8.3	Data	transmission.	1	
	8.	3.1	Checksum	1	
	8.	3.2	Sequence number		
	8.4 Error recovery		Error	recovery	1
	8.	4.1	Error detection	1	
	8.	4.2	Retransmission request	1	
	8.	4.3	ACK generation	1	
	8.	4.4	ACK aggregation	1	
	8.	4.5	Local RTT measurement	1	
	8.	4.6	Retransmission	1	
			ection pause and resume		
	8.6	Late	join	1	
	8.7	Leav		1	
	8.	7.1	User-invoked leave	1	
	8.	7.2	Troublemaker ejection.	1	

# : IS (ECTP-1)

ISO/IEC FDIS 14476-1:2001(E)

ISO/IEC FDIS 14476-1:2001(E)

### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO/IEC 14476 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 14476-1 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, Information technology, Subcommittee SC 6, Telecommunications and information exchange between systems, in collaboration with ITU-T. The identical text is published as ITU-T Rec. X.606.

ISO/IEC 14476 consists of the following parts, under the general title Information technology — Enhanced Communications Transport Protocol:

- Part 1: Specification of simplex multicast transport
- Part 2: Specification of QoS management for simple multicast transport
- Part 3: Specification of duplex multicast transport
- Part 4: Specification of QoS management for duplex multicast transport
- Part 5: Specification of n-plex multicast transport
- Part 6: Specification of QoS management for n-plex multicast transport

Annexes A and B of this part of ISO/IEC 14476 are for information only.

### Summary

This Recommendation | International Standard specifies the Enhanced Communications Transport Protocol (ECTP), which is a transport protocol designed to support Internet multicast applications running over multicast-capable networks. ECTP operates over IPv4-IPv6 networks that have the IP multicast forwarding capability with the help of IGMP and IP multicast routing protocols. ECTP could possibly be provisioned over UDP. ECTP is targeted to support tightly controlled multicast connections.

This first part of ECTP defines the protocol which provides reliability control in the simplex multicast case, adopting a treebased approach. QoS management functions for the simplex case will be defined in part 2 of the ECTP specification. Further parts of ECTP will define reliability control and corresponding QoS management functions for the duplex case (parts 3 and 4) and the N-plex case (parts 5 and 6).

The sender is at the heart of multicast group communications. A single sender in the simplex multicast connection is assigned the role of the connection owner. The connection owner is responsible for overall connection management by governing connection creation and termination, connection pause and resumption, and join and leave operations.

For tree-based reliability control, a hierarchical tree is configured during connection creation. The sender is the root of the control tree. The control tree can define a parent-child relationship between any pair of tree nodes. This tree-based structure can result in local owners occurring at lower levels in the tree hierarchy as the control structure extends. Each local owner created becomes the root of its own local control tree. The connection owner will then be the root of the overall control tree. Error control is performed for each local group defined by a control tree. Each parent retransmits lost data, in response to retransmission requests from its children.

# : IS (ECTP-1)

### Introduction

This Recommendation | International Standard specifies the Enhanced Communications Transport Protocol (ECTP), which is a transport protocol designed to support Internet multicast applications running over multicast-capable networks. ECTP operates over IPv4/IPv6 networks that have the IP multicast forwarding capability with the help of IGMP and IP multicast routing protocols, as shown in Figure 1. ECTP could possibly be provisioned over UDP.



Figure 1 - ECTP Model

ECTP is designed to support tightly controlled multicast connections in simplex, duplex and N-plex applications. This part of ECTP (part 1) specifies the protocol mechanisms for reliability control in the simplex case. ECTP also provides QoS management functions for stable management of the QoS of the connection users. Such QoS management functionality can be achieved with QoS negotiation, monitoring, and maintenance operations. The protocol procedures for QoS management of the simplex case will be defined in the simplex QoS management specification (X-ectp-2 | ISO/IEC 14476-2), which forms an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard Further parts of the standard will define control procedures and associated QoS management functions for the duplex case (X-ectp-3 | ISO/IEC 14476-3 and X-ectp-4 | ISO/IEC 14476-4) and for the N-plex case (X-ectp-5 | ISO/IEC 14476-5).

In ECTP, all prospective members are enrolled into a multicast group, before a connection or session is created. Those members define an enrolled group. Each receiver in the enrolled group is referred to as an enrolled receiver. In the enrolment process, each member will be authenticated. The group information, including group key and IP multicast addresses and port numbers, will be distributed to the enrolled members during the enrolment process. An ECTP connection is created for these enrolled group members.

ECTP is targeted for tightly controlled multicast services. The sender is at the heart of multicast group communications. A single sender in the simplex multicast connection is assigned the role of the connection owner, designated as top owner (TO) in this specification. The connection owner is responsible for overall connection management by governing connection creation and termination, connection passe and resumption, and join and leave operations.

The sender triggers the connection creation process. Some or all of the enrolled receivers will participate in the connection, becoming designated "active receivers". Any enrolled receiver that is not active may participate in the connection as a late-joiner. An active receiver can leave the connection. After the connection is created, the sender begins to transmit multicast data. If network problems (such as severe conjection) are indicated by the ECTP QoS management functions (defined in ECTP part 2), the sender suspends multicast data transmission temporarily, invoking the connection pause operation. After a pre-specified time, the sender resumes data transmission. If all of the multicast data have been transmitted, the sender terminates the connection.

ECTP provides the reliability control mechanisms for multicast data transport. ECTP mechanisms are designed to keep congruency with those being proposed in the IETF. To address reliability control with scalability, the IETF has proposed three approaches. Tree based ACK (TRACK), Forward Error Correction (FEC), and Negative ACK Oriented Reliable Multicast (NORM). Each approach has its own pros and cons, and each service provider may take a different approach toward implementing reliability control. ECTP adopts the TRACK approach, because it is more similar to the existing TCP mechanisms and more adaptive to the ECTP framework.

For tree-based reliability control, a hierarchical tree is configured during connection creation. The sender is the root of the control tree. The control tree can define a parent-child relationship between any pair of tree nodes. This tree-based structure can result in local owners (parents) occurring at lower levels in the tree hierarchy as the control structure extends. Each local owner created becomes the root of its own local control tree. The connection owner will then be the root of the overall control tree. Error control is performed for each local group defined by a control tree. Each parent retransmits lost data, in response to retransmission recuests from its children.

ISO/IEC FDIS 14476-1:2001(E)

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ITU-T RECOMMENDATION

### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – ENHANCED COMMUNICATIONS TRANSPORT PROTOCOL: SPECIFICATION OF SIMPLEX MULTICAST TRANSPORT

### 1. Scope

This Recommendation | International Standard specifies the Enhanced Communications Transport Protocol (ECTP), which is a transport protocol designed to support Internet multicast applications over multicast-capable PD networks.

This Recommendation | International Standard specifies the ECTP for the simplex multicast transport connection that consists of one sender and many receivers. This Recommendation | International Standard specifies the protocol procedures for the following protocol operations:

- a) connection creation with tree creation;
- multicast data transmission:
- tree-based reliability control with error detection, retransmission request, and retransmission;
- d) late join and leave;
- e) tree membership maintenance; and
- f) connection termination.

### 2. Normative references

The following ITU-T Recommendations, International Standards, and IETF standard RFCs contain provisions that, through references in the text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation | International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations, Standards, and RFCs are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Recommendation | International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations | International Standards and RFCs listed below. IEC and ISO members maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. The Telecommunication Standardization Bureau of the ITU-T maintains a list of currently valid ITU-T documents. The IETF also maintains an index list of all published RFCs.

- ITU-T Recommendation X.601 (2000), Information technology Multi-Peer Communications Framework
- ITU-T Recommendation X.605 (1998) | ISO/IEC 13252: 1999, Information technology Enhanced Communications Transport Service Definition

(JTC1/SC6)

```
Design Team (ETRI,
                 (JTC1/SC6, ITU-T SG17)
      2~4
 Editor
                        (JTC1/SC6)
```

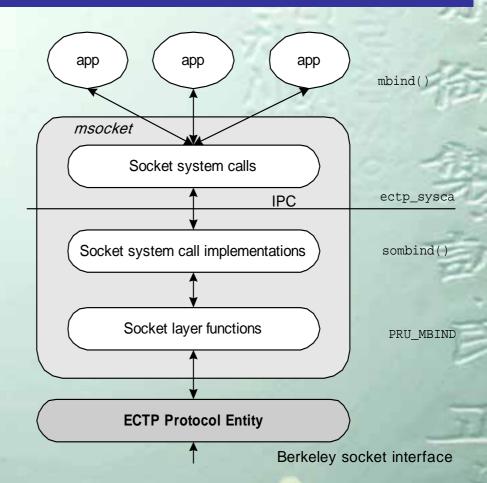
- Overview
- Protocol Components
- Protocol Procedures
  - Connection Creation
  - \* Late Join
  - Data Transmission and Error Control
  - Membership Monitoring
  - Connection Termination
- Packet Formats
  - Fixed Header, Extension Elements
  - Packet Types

#### Implementation

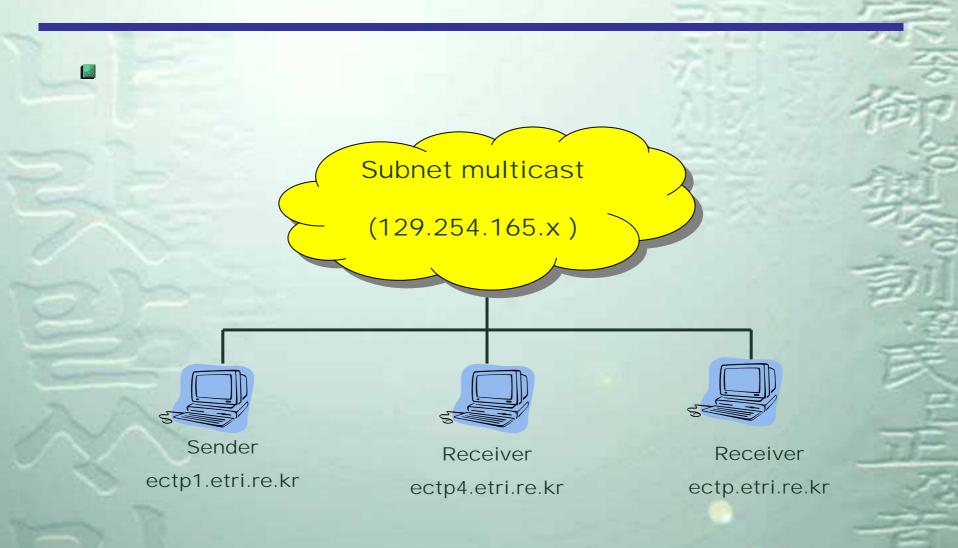
- \* ECTP Core
- ECTP API: msocket

#### Test Applications

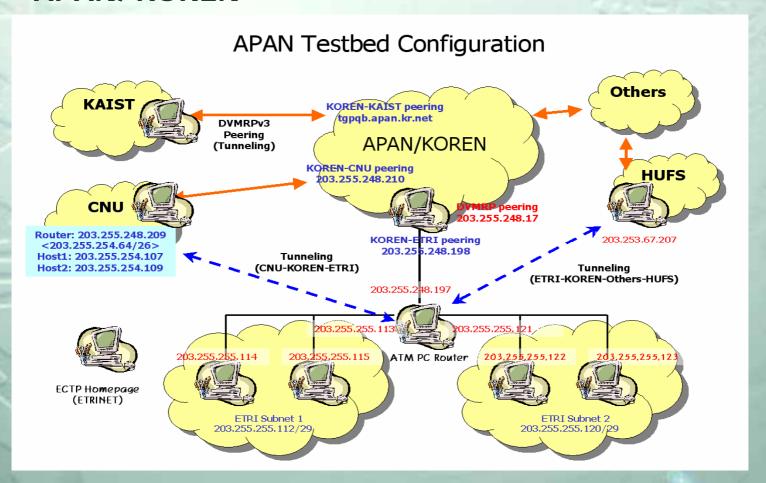
- Multicast FTP
- Whiteboard
- Internet TV



(1)



#### APAN/KOREN



# **ECTP Homepage**

http://ectp.etri.re.kr/ectp.htm



ECTP (Enhanced Communications Transport Protocol) is a standard protocol for end-to-end multicast transport, which has been standardized in the ITU-T SG17 and ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 6, and partially in the IETF RMT WG.

ECTP has been designed to support Internet multicast applications running over multicast-enabled IP networks. The ECTP standard specification is divided into two parts: ECTP-1 (ITU-T  $\times$  .606 | ISO/IEC 14476-1) and ECTP-2 (ITU-T  $\times$  .606.1 | ISO/IEC 14476-2). ECTP-1 specifies the protocol operations for establishment of One-to-Many multicast transport connections, and the tree-based reliability control. ECTP-2 describes the specification of QoS management (including QoS negotiation, monitoring, and maintenance) for one-to-many (simplex) multicast transport.

ECTP-1 was approved as Recommendation  $\times$ .606 in 2001/10 by ITU-T, and also approved as International Standard (IS) 14476-1 in 2002/1 by ISO/IEC JTC 1. ECTP-2 is being standardized as draft Recommendation  $\times$ .606.1 by ITU-T SG17, and also as Committee Draft 14476-2 by ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 6.

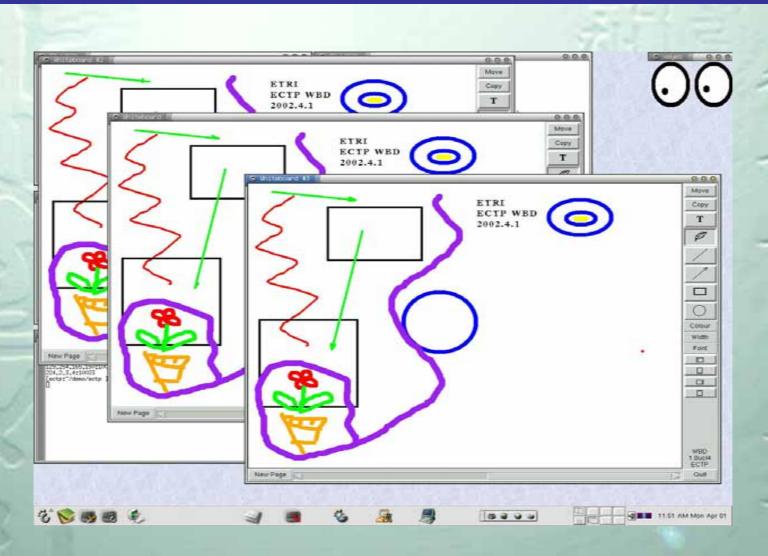
(Notice) ECTP codes are now released (2002/03/27) !! (see the "Downloads" section)

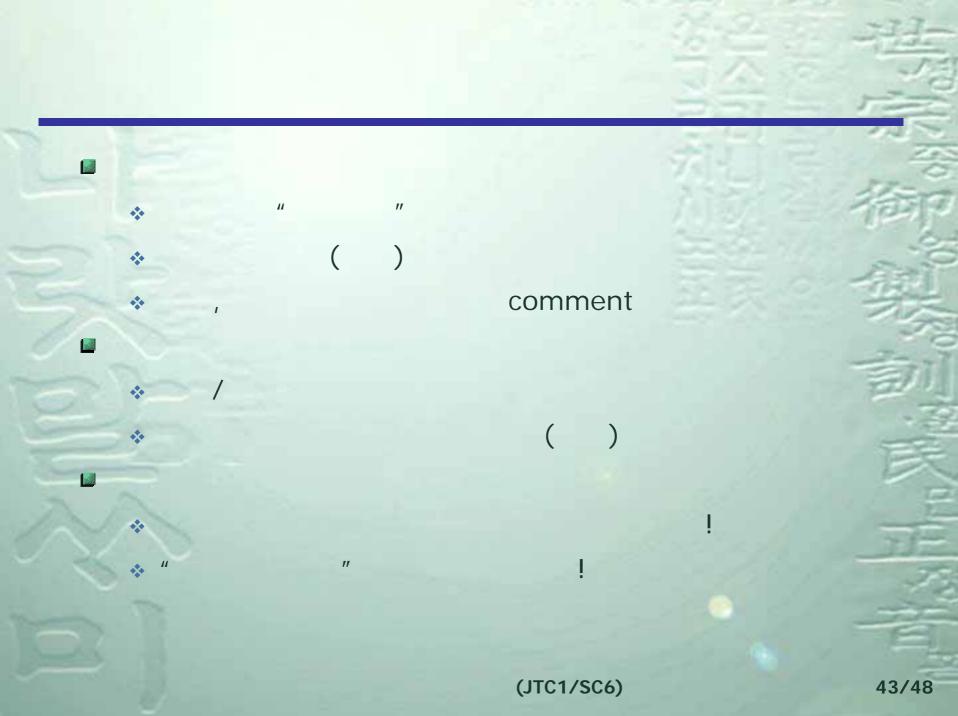
Overview ITU-T Q.8/17 Documents Publications Downloads APAN Test

Copyright© Protocol Engineering Center in Electronics Telecommunications Research Institute 2001

| Webmaster |

## ECTP: whiteboard





ECTP-1 & ECTP-2



(2002)

ECTP-3, 4, 5, 6



JTC1/SC6 CD (2006 )



2007

FINAL DRAFT

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO/IEC FDIS 14476-1

ISO/IEC JTC 1

Secretariat: ANSI

Voting begins on: 2001-11-15

Voting terminates on: 2002-01-16 Information technology — Enhanced Communications Transport Protocol: Specification of simplex multicast transport

Technologies de l'information — Protocole de transport de communica amélioré: Spécifications pour le Transport «Simple» Multicast»

CPRINTS OF THE DOCUMENT ARE INVITED SERVICE, WITH THEIR COMMENTS, NOTIFICALLY OF ANY RELEVANT PATENT RIGHTS OF HE THEY ARE AREASE AND TO PROVIDE PROFITMS DOCUMENTATION.

IN ADDITION TO THEIR SMALLATION AS BIRDS ACCEPTABLE FOR PRODUCTION, TECHNO-CORD CONTRIBUTION WITH LIBER PLEMPORES, DAN'T INSTRUMENTION, STANDARDS BY THE OCCURRON HAVE TO BE CONDIDERED IN THE UDITION THEIR POTENTIAL TO BECOME STAN-DARDS TO WHICH REFERENCE MAY BE MADE IN NATIONAL REGILATIONS. Please see the administrative notes on page ii-1

ISO H.C.

Reference number ISO/IEC FDIS 14476-1:2001(E)

© ISO/IEC 2001

<ISO/IEC IS 14476-1>

```
versus
                                (MPEG, 3GPP)
    "IT
                            Open
      (??)
                                 가
       Leader가
                             (Cisco, Ericsson
```

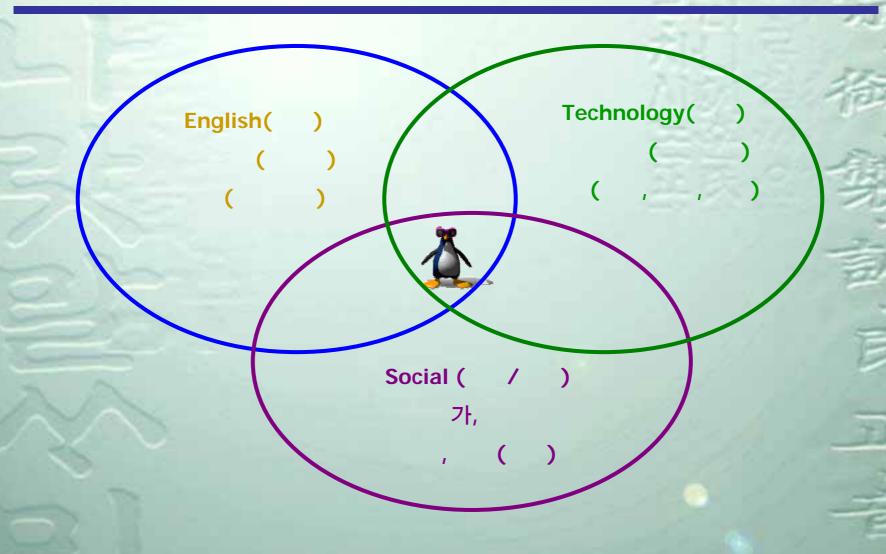
(JTC1/SC6)

45/48

```
TIP
                 (Rules)
(Culture)
                              (IETF, ITU, JTC1)
                                     !!
(Chair, Convener, Editor)
                                        (?)
   가,
                              가 (
       가
                       (JTC1/SC6)
```

46/48

フ



# Thank you for your attention!

Q & A

sjkoh@knu.ac.kr